

## Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name Black Toner For CS 4550ci, 5550ci

Manufacturer Kyocera Mita Corporation

COPYSTAR, A DIVISION OF

Address Kyocera Mita America, Inc.

225 Sand Road

Fairfield, NJ 07004

Telephone Number (973)-808-8444

Date May 16, 2011

## Section 2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Components					
riazardous components	OSHA PEL				
(Chemical Identity, Common Name/s)	SubpartZ	ACGIH TLV	IARC	NTP	Weight%
(CAS No. 1333-86-4) Carbon Black	3.5mg/m³ (TWA)	3.5mg/m <sup>3</sup> (TWA)	Group2B	Not Listed	5-10
(CAS No. 66402-68-4) Ferrite (Ferrite including manganese)	5mg/m³(Ceilling) (Manganese compounds	0.2mg/m³(TWA) (Manganese and inorganic			1-10
(Critical College St.) I critical (College Monagamore)	(asMn))	compounds as Mn)	Not Listed	Not Listed	(as Mn:<2)
(CAS No. 7631-86-9) Amorphous silica	80mg/m³/%SiO <sub>2</sub> (TWA)	Not Listed	Group3	Not Listed	1-5
(CAS No. 13463-67-7) Titanium dioxide	15mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Total Dust) (TWA)	10mg/m <sup>3</sup> (TWA)	Group 2B	Not Listed	<1
(Non Hazardous Ingredients)					
Polyester resin					65-75

## Section 3. Hazards Identification

Most Important Hazards None Specific Hazards None

Other Information on Hazards:

Potential Health Effects:

Ingestion Ingestion is not applicable route of entry for intended use.

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation of excessive dusts may cause lung damage.

Use of this product, as intended, does not result in inhalation of excessive dusts.

Eye Contact May cause transient eye irritation.



## Section 4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation Remove from exposure to fresh air and gargle with plenty of water.

Seek medical treatment in case of such a symptom as coughing.

Skin Contact Wash with soap and water. If irritation does occur, seek medical treatment.

Eye Contact Flush thoroughly with water and seek medical treatment if irritating.

Ingestion Ingestion is not applicable route of entry for intended use.

Rinse out mouth. Drink one or two glasses of water to dilute.

Seek medical treatment if necessary.

## Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media Water (Sprinkle with water), Foam, Powder, CO<sub>2</sub> or Dry Chemical Extinguisher.

Fire Fighting Procedure Pay attention not to blow away toner powder. Drain water off around and decrease

the atmosphere temperature to extinguish the fire.

## Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions Avoid inhalation, ingestion, eye and skin contact in case of accidental toner release.

**Environmental Precautions** Do not release into drains and surface water.

Method for Cleaning Up Gather the released toner, not blowing away, and wipe up with a wet cloth.

## Section 7. Handling and Storage

Keep the container tightly closed. Handling

Keep away from children.

Storage Keep the container tightly closed and store in a cool, dry and dark place keeping

away from fire. Keep away from children.

## Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control Parameters<Reference Data>

ACGIH TLV(2)-TWA Inhalable fraction 10mg/m<sup>3</sup>, Respirable fraction 3mg/m<sup>3</sup> Total dust 15mg/m<sup>3</sup>, Respirable fraction 5mg/m<sup>3</sup>

OSHA PEL(3)-TWA

Protective Equipment

Respiratory Protection None required under normal use.

Eye/Face Protection None required under normal use.

Skin/Hand/Body Protection None required under normal use.

Ventilation Ventilator is not required under normal use.



## Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance

Physical state Solid

Form Fine powder Color Black Odorless

pH Not applicable

Melting Point 100-120°C[Toner]

Explosion Properties Dust explosion is improbable under normal use. Experimental explosiveness of toner

is classified into the same rank such kind of powder as flour, dry milk and resin powder

according to the pressure rising speed.

Density 1.2-1.4g/cm<sup>3</sup>[Toner]

Solubility Almost insoluble in water.

## Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Reactivity Stable under normal use.

Hazardous Decomposition Products None

## Section 11. Toxicological Information

Acute oral toxicity (rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

(rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,500mg/kg (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Acute dermal toxicity (rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg (Estimated from Acute oral toxicity for same product.)[Toner]

(rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Acute inhalation toxicity  $(rat)LC_{50}(4hr)>5.0mg/l$  (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner] Acute eye irritation (rabbit) Minimal irritant (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

Acute skin irritation (rabbit) Non-irritant (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

(rabbit) Non-irritant (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Skin sensitization (mouse)Non-Sensitiser (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

(guinea pig)Non-Sensitiser (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Mutagenicity Ames Test is Negative.[Toner]

Ames Test is Negative. (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Information of Ingredients: No mutagen, according to MAK, TRGS905 and (EC)No 1272/2008

AnnexVI Table3.2.

Reproductive Toxicity

Information of Ingredients: No reproductive toxicant, according to MAK, California Proposition 65, TRGS905 and (EC)No 1272/2008

AnnexVI Table3.2.

Carcinogenicity

Information of Ingredients: No carcinogen or potential carcinogen (except carbon black and titanium dioxide) according to IARC,

Japan Association on Industrial Health, ACGIH, EPA, OSHA, NTP, MAK, California Proposition 65,

TRGS 905, and (EC)No 1272/2008 AnnexVI Table3.2.

The IARC reevaluated carbon black and titanium dioxide as a Group 2B carcinogen (possibly carcinogenic to humans) as the result of inhalation exposure test in rats. But, oral/skin test does not show carcinogenicity. (4) The evaluation of carbon black is based upon the development of lung tumors in rat receiving chronic inhalation exposures to free carbon black at level that induce particle overload of the lung. The studies performed in animal models other than rats have not demonstrated an association between carbon black and lung tumors. Moreover, a two-years cancer bioassay using a typical toner preparation containing carbon black demonstrated no association

between toner exposure and tumor development in rats. (1) In the animal chronic inhalation studies for titanium dioxide, the lung tumor was observed in only rats. It is estimated that this is attributed to the overload of rat's lung clearance mechanism (overload phenomenon). (5) The inhalation of excessive titanium dioxide does not occur in normal use of this product. Also, epidemiological studies to date have not revealed any evidence of the relation between occupational exposure to titanium dioxide and respiratory tract diseases.

Chronic effects:

In a study in rats by chronic inhalation exposure to a typical toner, a mild to moderate degree of lung fibrosis was observed in 92% of the rats in the high concentration (16mg/m³) exposure group, and a minimal to mild degree of fibrosis was noted in 22% of the animal in the middle (4mg/m³) exposure group.<sub>(1)</sub> But no pulmonary change was reported in the lowest (1mg/m³) exposure group, the most relevant level to potential human exposures.

Other Information: None



## Section 12. Ecological Information

No data available.

## Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Do not incinerate toner and toner containers. Dangerous sparks may cause burn.

Any disposal practice should be done under conditions which meet local, state and federal laws and regulations relating to waste (contact local or state environmental agency for specific rules).

## Section 14. Transport Information

UN No. None
UN Shipping Name None
UN Classification None
UN Packing Group None
Special Precautions None

## Section 15. Regulatory Information

#### **US** Information

All components in this product comply with order under TSCA.

EU Information Label information according to the Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC

Symbol & Indication
R-Phrase
S-Phrase
Special markings
Hazardous ingredients for labeling
Not required
Not required
Not required
Not required
None

### Canada Information

This product is not a WHMIS-controlled product, since we consider it as a Manufactured article.

### Section 16. Other Information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, we cannot assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

#### <Reference>

- (1) Pulmonary Response to Toner upon Chronic Inhalation Exposure in Rats H. Muhle et. al Fundamental and Applied Toxicology 17.280-299(1991)

  Lung Clearance and Retention of Toner, Utilizing a Tracer Technique, during Chronic Inhalation Exposure in Rats B Bellmann Fundamental and Applied Toxicology 17.300-313(1991)
- (2) ACGIH TLV (Threshold Limit Values)
- (3) OSHA PEL (Permissible Exposure Limits)
- (4) IARC Monograph on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Humans, Vol.93.
- (5) NIOSH CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN "Evaluation of Health Hazard and Recommendation for Occupational Exposure to Titanium Dioxide DRAFT". \*ISO 11014-1 Safety data sheet for chemical products.

### <Abbreviation>

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA Time Weighted Average

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer EPA Environmental Protection Agency (USA)

NTP National Toxicology Program

MAK Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentrationen under Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft

Proposition 65:California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986.

TRGS905 Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (Deutsche)

UN United Nations

TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act (USA)

WHMIS Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System(Canada)



## Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name Cyan Toner For CS 4550ci, 5550ci

Manufacturer Kyocera Mita Corporation

COPYSTAR, A DIVISION OF

Address Kyocera Mita America, Inc.

225 Sand Road

Fairfield, NJ 07004

Telephone Number (973)-808-8444

Date May 16, 2011

## Section 2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Components	OSHA PEL				
(Chemical Identity, Common Name/s)	SubpartZ	ACGIH TLV	IARC	NTP	Weight%
(CAS No. 66402-68-4) Ferrite (Ferrite including manganese)	5mg/m³(Ceiling) (Manganese compounds (asMn))	0.2mg/m²(TWA) (Manganese and inorganic compounds as Mn)	Not Listed	Not Listed	1-10 (as Mn:<2)
(CAS No. 7631-86-9) Amorphous silica	80mg/m³/%SiO₂(TWA)	Not Listed	Group3	Not Listed	1-5
(CAS No. 13463-67-7) Titanium dioxide	15mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Total Dust) (TWA)	10mg/m³(TWA)	Group 2B	Not Listed	<1
(Non Hazardous Ingredients)					
Polyester resin 1					65-75
Polyester resin 2					5-10

## Section 3. Hazards Identification

Most Important Hazards None

Specific Hazards None

Other Information on Hazards:

Potential Health Effects:

Ingestion Ingestion is not applicable route of entry for intended use.

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation of excessive dusts may cause lung damage.

Use of this product, as intended, does not result in inhalation of excessive dusts.

Eye Contact May cause transient eye irritation.



### Section 4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation Remove from exposure to fresh air and gargle with plenty of water.

Seek medical treatment in case of such a symptom as coughing.

Skin Contact Wash with soap and water. If irritation does occur, seek medical treatment.

Eye Contact Flush thoroughly with water and seek medical treatment if irritating.

Ingestion Ingestion is not applicable route of entry for intended use.

Rinse out mouth. Drink one or two glasses of water to dilute.

Seek medical treatment if necessary.

## Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media Water (Sprinkle with water), Foam, Powder, C0<sub>2</sub> or Dry Chemical Extinguisher.

Fire Fighting Procedure Pay attention not to blow away toner powder. Drain water off around and decrease

the atmosphere temperature to extinguish the fire.

## Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions Avoid inhalation, ingestion, eye and skin contact in case of accidental toner release.

Environmental Precautions Do not release into drains and surface water.

Method for Cleaning Up Gather the released toner, not blowing away, and wipe up with a wet cloth.

## Section 7. Handling and Storage

Handling Keep the container tightly closed.

Keep away from children.

Storage Keep the container tightly closed and store in a cool, dry and dark place keeping

away from fire. Keep away from children.

## Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control Parameters<Reference Data>

ACGIH TLV<sub>(2)</sub>-TWA Inhalable fraction 10mg/m³, Respirable fraction 3mg/m³

OSHA PEL<sub>(3)</sub>-TWA Total dust 15mg/m³, Respirable fraction 5mg/m³

Protective Equipment

Respiratory Protection None required under normal use.

Eye/Face Protection None required under normal use.

Skin/Hand/Body Protection None required under normal use.

Ventilation Ventilator is not required under normal use.



## Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance

Physical state Solid

Form Fine powder
Color Cyan
Odor Odorless
pH Not applicable

Melting Point 100-120<sup>o</sup>C[Toner]

Explosion Properties Dust explosion is improbable under normal use. Experimental explosiveness of toner

is classified into the same rank such kind of powder as flour, dry milk and resin powder

according to the pressure rising speed.

Density 1.2-1.4g/cm<sup>3</sup>[Toner]

Solubility Almost insoluble in water.

## Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Reactivity Stable under normal use.

Hazardous Decomposition Products None

## Section 11. Toxicological Information

Acute oral toxicity (rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

(rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,500mg/kg (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

 $\label{eq:control_co$ 

(rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Acute inhalation toxicity  $(rat)LC_{50}(4hr)>5.0mg/l$  (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner] Acute eye irritation (rabbit) Minimal irritant (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner] Acute skin irritation (rabbit) Non-irritant (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

(rabbit) Non-irritant (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Skin sensitization (mouse)Non-Sensitiser (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

(guinea pig)Non-Sensitiser (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Mutagenicity Ames Test is Negative.[Toner]

Ames Test is Negative. (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Information of Ingredients: No reproductive toxicant, according to MAK, TRGS905 and (EC)No 1272/2008

AnnexVI Table3.2.

Reproductive Toxicity

Information of Ingredients: No reproductive toxicant, according to MAK, California Proposition 65, TRGS905 and (EC)No 1272/2008

AnnexVI Table3.2.

Carcinogenicity

Information of Ingredients: No carcinogen or potential carcinogen (except titanium dioxide) according to IARC, Japan Association

on Industrial Health, ACGIH, EPA, OSHA, NTP, MAK, California Proposition 65, TRGS905, and (EC)

No 1272/2008 AnnexVI Table3.2.

The IARC reevaluated titanium dioxide as a Group 2B carcinogen (possibly carcinogenic to humans) as the result of inhalation exposure test in rats. But, oral/skin test does not show carcinogenicity. (4) In the animal chronic inhalation studies for titanium dioxide, the lung tumor was observed in only rats. It is estimated that this is attributed to the overload of the rat's lung clearance mechanism (overload phenomenon).

The inhalation of excessive titanium dioxide does not occur in normal use of this product. Also, epidemiological studies to date have not revealed any evidence of the relation between occupational exposure to titanium dioxide and respiratory tract diseases.

## Chronic effects:

In a study in rats by chronic inhalation exposure to a typical toner, a mild to moderate degree of lung fibrosis was observed in 92% of the rats in the high concentration (16mg/m³) exposure group, and a minimal to mild degree of fibrosis was noted in 22% of the animal in the middle (4mg/m³) exposure group.<sub>(1)</sub> But no pulmonary change was reported in the lowest (1mg/m³) exposure group, the most relevant level to potential human exposures.

Other Information: None



## Section 12. Ecological Information

No data available.

## Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Do not incinerate toner and toner containers. Dangerous sparks may cause burn.

Any disposal practice should be done under conditions which meet local, state and federal laws and regulations relating to waste (contact local or state environmental agency for specific rules).

## Section 14. Transport Information

UN No. None
UN Shipping Name None
UN Classification None
UN Packing Group None
Special Precautions None

## Section 15. Regulatory Information

#### **US** Information

All components in this product comply with order under TSCA.

EU Information Label information according to the Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC)

Symbol & Indication
R-Phrase
S-Phrase
Special markings
Hazardous ingredients for labeling
Not required
Not required
Not required
Not required
None

### Canada Information

This product is not a WHMIS-controlled product, since we consider it as a Manufactured article.

### Section 16. Other Information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, we cannot assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

#### <Reference>

- (1) Pulmonary Response to Toner upon Chronic Inhalation Exposure in Rats H. Muhle et. al Fundamental and Applied Toxicology 17.280-299(1991)

  Lung Clearance and Retention of Toner, Utilizing a Tracer Technique, during Chronic Inhalation Exposure in Rats B Bellmann Fundamental and Applied Toxicology 17.300-313(1991)
- (2) ACGIH TLV (Threshold Limit Values)
- (3) OSHA PEL (Permissible Exposure Limits)
- (4) IARC Monograph on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Humans, Vol.93.
- (5) NIOSH CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN "Evaluation of Health Hazard and Recommendation for Occupational Exposure to Titanium Dioxide DRAFT". \*ISO 11014-1 Safety data sheet for chemical products.

### <Abbreviation>

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA Time Weighted Average

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
EPA Environmental Protection Agency (USA)

NTP National Toxicology Program

MAK Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentrationen under Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Proposition 65:California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986.

TRGS905 Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (Deutsche)

UN United Nations

TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act (USA)

WHMIS Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System(Canada)



## Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name Magenta Toner For CS 4550ci, 5550ci

Manufacturer Kyocera Mita Corporation

COPYSTAR, A DIVISION OF

Address Kyocera Mita America, Inc.

225 Sand Road

Fairfield, NJ 07004

Telephone Number (973)-808-8444

Date May 16, 2011

## Section 2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Components	OSHA PEL				
(Chemical Identity, Common Name/s)	SubpartZ	ACGIH TLV	IARC	NTP	Weight%
(CAS No. 66402-68-4) Ferrite (Ferrite including manganese)	5mg/m³(Ceiling) (Manganese compounds (asMn))	0.2mg/m²(TWA) (Manganese and inorganic compounds as Mn)	Not Listed	Not Listed	1-10 (as Mn:<2)
(CAS No. 7631-86-9) Amorphous silica	80mg/m³/%SiO₂(TWA)	Not Listed	Group3	Not Listed	1-5
(CAS No. 13463-67-7) Titanium dioxide	15mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Total Dust) (TWA)	10mg/m³(TWA)	Group 2B	Not Listed	<1
(Non Hazardous Ingredients)					
Polyester resin 1					65-75
Polyester resin 2					5-10

## Section 3. Hazards Identification

Most Important Hazards None

Specific Hazards None

Other Information on Hazards:

Potential Health Effects:

Ingestion Ingestion is not applicable route of entry for intended use.

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation of excessive dusts may cause lung damage.

Use of this product, as intended, does not result in inhalation of excessive dusts.

Eye Contact May cause transient eye irritation.



### Section 4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation Remove from exposure to fresh air and gargle with plenty of water.

Seek medical treatment in case of such a symptom as coughing.

Skin Contact Wash with soap and water. If irritation does occur, seek medical treatment.

Eye Contact Flush thoroughly with water and seek medical treatment if irritating.

Ingestion Ingestion is not applicable route of entry for intended use.

Rinse out mouth. Drink one or two glasses of water to dilute.

Seek medical treatment if necessary.

## Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media Water (Sprinkle with water), Foam, Powder, C0<sub>2</sub> or Dry Chemical Extinguisher.

Fire Fighting Procedure Pay attention not to blow away toner powder. Drain water off around and decrease

the atmosphere temperature to extinguish the fire.

## Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions Avoid inhalation, ingestion, eye and skin contact in case of accidental toner release.

Environmental Precautions Do not release into drains and surface water.

Method for Cleaning Up Gather the released toner, not blowing away, and wipe up with a wet cloth.

## Section 7. Handling and Storage

Handling Keep the container tightly closed.

Keep away from children.

Storage Keep the container tightly closed and store in a cool, dry and dark place keeping

away from fire. Keep away from children.

## Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control Parameters<Reference Data>

ACGIH TLV<sub>(2)</sub>-TWA Inhalable fraction 10mg/m³, Respirable fraction 3mg/m³ OSHA PEL<sub>(3)</sub>-TWA Total dust 15mg/m³, Respirable fraction 5mg/m³

Protective Equipment

Respiratory Protection None required under normal use.

Eye/Face Protection None required under normal use.

Skin/Hand/Body Protection None required under normal use.

Ventilation Ventilator is not required under normal use.



## Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance

Physical state Solid

Form Fine powder
Color Magenta
Odor Odorless

pH Not applicable
Melting Point 100-120°C[Toner]

Explosion Properties Dust explosion is improbable under normal use. Experimental explosiveness of toner

is classified into the same rank such kind of powder as flour, dry milk and resin powder

according to the pressure rising speed.

Density 1.2-1.4g/cm<sup>3</sup>[Toner]

Solubility Almost insoluble in water.

## Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Reactivity Stable under normal use.

Hazardous Decomposition Products None

### Section 11. Toxicological Information

Acute oral toxicity (rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

(rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,500mg/kg (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Acute dermal toxicity (rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg (Estimated from Acute oral toxicity for same product.)[Toner]

(rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Acute inhalation toxicity  $(rat)LC_{50}(4hr)>5.0mg/l$  (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner] Acute eye irritation (rabbit) Minimal irritant (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner] Acute skin irritation (rabbit) Non-irritant (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

(rabbit) Non-irritant (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Skin sensitization (mouse)Non-Sensitiser (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

(guinea pig)Non-Sensitiser (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Mutagenicity Ames Test is Negative.[Toner]

Ames Test is Negative. (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Information of Ingredients: No reproductive toxicant, according to MAK, TRGS905 and (EC)No 1272/2008

AnnexVI Table3.2.

Reproductive Toxicity

Information of Ingredients: No reproductive toxicant, according to MAK, California Proposition 65, TRGS905 and (EC)No 1272/2008

AnnexVI Table3.2.

Carcinogenicity

Information of Ingredients: No carcinogen or potential carcinogen (except titanium dioxide) according to IARC, Japan Association

on Industrial Health, ACGIH, EPA, OSHA, NTP, MAK, California Proposition 65, TRGS905, and (EC)

No 1272/2008 AnnexVI Table3.2.

The IARC reevaluated titanium dioxide as a Group 2B carcinogen (possibly carcinogenic to humans) as the result of inhalation exposure test in rats. But, oral/skin test does not show carcinogenicity. (4) In the animal chronic inhalation studies for titanium dioxide, the lung tumor was observed in only rats. It is estimated that this is attributed to the overload of the rat's lung clearance mechanism (overload phenomenon).(5)

The inhalation of excessive titanium dioxide does not occur in normal use of this product. Also, epidemiological studies to date have not revealed any evidence of the relation between occupational exposure to titanium dioxide and respiratory tract diseases.

### Chronic effects:

In a study in rats by chronic inhalation exposure to a typical toner, a mild to moderate degree of lung fibrosis was observed in 92% of the rats in the high concentration (16mg/m³) exposure group, and a minimal to mild degree of fibrosis was noted in 22% of the animal in the middle (4mg/m³) exposure group.<sub>(1)</sub> But no pulmonary change was reported in the lowest (1mg/m³) exposure group, the most relevant level to potential human exposures.

Other Information: None



## Section 12. Ecological Information

No data available.

## Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Do not incinerate toner and toner containers. Dangerous sparks may cause burn.

Any disposal practice should be done under conditions which meet local, state and federal laws and regulations relating to waste (contact local or state environmental agency for specific rules).

## Section 14. Transport Information

UN No. None
UN Shipping Name None
UN Classification None
UN Packing Group None
Special Precautions None

## Section 15. Regulatory Information

#### **US** Information

All components in this product comply with order under TSCA.

EU Information Label information according to the Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC)

Symbol & Indication
R-Phrase
S-Phrase
Special markings
Hazardous ingredients for labeling
Not required
Not required
Not required
Not required
None

### Canada Information

This product is not a WHMIS-controlled product, since we consider it as a Manufactured article.

### Section 16. Other Information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, we cannot assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

### <Reference>

- (1) Pulmonary Response to Toner upon Chronic Inhalation Exposure in Rats H. Muhle et. al Fundamental and Applied Toxicology 17.280-299(1991)

  Lung Clearance and Retention of Toner, Utilizing a Tracer Technique, during Chronic Inhalation Exposure in Rats B Bellmann Fundamental and Applied Toxicology 17.300-313(1991)
- (2) ACGIH TLV (Threshold Limit Values)
- (3) OSHA PEL (Permissible Exposure Limits)
- (4) IARC Monograph on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Humans, Vol.93.
- (5) NIOSH CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN "Evaluation of Health Hazard and Recommendation for Occupational Exposure to Titanium Dioxide DR \*ISO 11014-1 Safety data sheet for chemical products.

### <Abbreviation>

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA Time Weighted Average

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer EPA Environmental Protection Agency (USA)

NTP National Toxicology Program

MAK Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentrationen under Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft

Proposition 65:California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986.

TRGS905 Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (Deutsche)

UN United Nations

TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act (USA)

WHMIS Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System(Canada)



## Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name Yellow Toner For CS 4550ci, 5550ci

Manufacturer Kyocera Mita Corporation

COPYSTAR, A DIVISION OF

Address Kyocera Mita America, Inc.

225 Sand Road

Fairfield, NJ 07004

Telephone Number (973)-808-8444

Date May 16, 2011

## Section 2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Components	OSHA PEL				
(Chemical Identity, Common Name/s)	SubpartZ	ACGIH TLV	IARC	NTP	Weight%
(CAS No. 66402-68-4) Ferrite (Ferrite including manganese)	5mg/m³(Ceiling) (Manganese compounds (asMn))	0.2mg/m²(TWA) (Manganese and inorganic compounds as Mn)	Not Listed	Not Listed	1-10 (as Mn:<2)
(CAS No. 7631-86-9) Amorphous silica	80mg/m³/%SiO₂(TWA)	Not Listed	Group3	Not Listed	1-5
(CAS No. 13463-67-7) Titanium dioxide	15mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Total Dust) (TWA)	10mg/m³(TWA)	Group 2B	Not Listed	<1
(Non Hazardous Ingredients)					
Polyester resin 1					65-75
Polyester resin 2					5-10

## Section 3. Hazards Identification

Most Important Hazards None

Specific Hazards None

Other Information on Hazards:

Potential Health Effects:

Ingestion Ingestion is not applicable route of entry for intended use.

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation of excessive dusts may cause lung damage.

Use of this product, as intended, does not result in inhalation of excessive dusts.

Eye Contact May cause transient eye irritation.



### Section 4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation Remove from exposure to fresh air and gargle with plenty of water.

Seek medical treatment in case of such a symptom as coughing.

Skin Contact Wash with soap and water. If irritation does occur, seek medical treatment.

Eye Contact Flush thoroughly with water and seek medical treatment if irritating.

Ingestion Ingestion is not applicable route of entry for intended use.

Rinse out mouth. Drink one or two glasses of water to dilute.

Seek medical treatment if necessary.

## Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media Water (Sprinkle with water), Foam, Powder, C0<sub>2</sub> or Dry Chemical Extinguisher.

Fire Fighting Procedure Pay attention not to blow away toner powder. Drain water off around and decrease

the atmosphere temperature to extinguish the fire.

## Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions Avoid inhalation, ingestion, eye and skin contact in case of accidental toner release.

Environmental Precautions Do not release into drains and surface water.

Method for Cleaning Up Gather the released toner, not blowing away, and wipe up with a wet cloth.

## Section 7. Handling and Storage

Handling Keep the container tightly closed.

Keep away from children.

Storage Keep the container tightly closed and store in a cool, dry and dark place keeping

away from fire. Keep away from children.

## Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control Parameters<Reference Data>

ACGIH TLV<sub>(2)</sub>-TWA Inhalable fraction 10mg/m³, Respirable fraction 3mg/m³ OSHA PEL<sub>(3)</sub>-TWA Total dust 15mg/m³, Respirable fraction 5mg/m³

Protective Equipment

Respiratory Protection None required under normal use.

Eye/Face Protection None required under normal use.

Skin/Hand/Body Protection None required under normal use.

Ventilation Ventilator is not required under normal use.



## Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance

Physical state Solid

Form Fine powder
Color Yellow
Odor Odorless
pH Not applicable

Melting Point 100-120°C[Toner]

Explosion Properties Dust explosion is improbable under normal use. Experimental explosiveness of toner

is classified into the same rank such kind of powder as flour, dry milk and resin powder

according to the pressure rising speed.

Density 1.2-1.4g/cm<sup>3</sup>[Toner]

Solubility Almost insoluble in water.

## Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Reactivity Stable under normal use.

Hazardous Decomposition Products None

### Section 11. Toxicological Information

Acute oral toxicity (rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

(rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,500mg/kg (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

 $\label{eq:control_co$ 

(rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Acute inhalation toxicity (rat)LC<sub>50</sub>(4hr)>5.0mg/l (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

Acute eye irritation (rabbit) Minimal irritant (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

Acute skin irritation (rabbit) Non-irritant (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

(rabbit) Non-irritant (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Skin sensitization (mouse)Non-Sensitiser (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

(guinea pig)Non-Sensitiser (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Mutagenicity Ames Test is Negative.[Toner]

Ames Test is Negative. (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Information of Ingredients: No reproductive toxicant, according to MAK, TRGS905 and (EC)No 1272/2008

AnnexVI Table3.2.

Reproductive Toxicity

Information of Ingredients: No reproductive toxicant, according to MAK, California Proposition 65, TRGS905 and (EC)No 1272/2008

AnnexVI Table3.2.

Carcinogenicity

Information of Ingredients: No carcinogen or potential carcinogen (except titanium dioxide) according to IARC, Japan Association

on Industrial Health, ACGIH, EPA, OSHA, NTP, MAK, California Proposition 65, TRGS905, and (EC)

No 1272/2008 AnnexVI Table3.2.

The IARC reevaluated titanium dioxide as a Group 2B carcinogen (possibly carcinogenic to humans) as the result of inhalation exposure test in rats. But, oral/skin test does not show carcinogenicity. (4) In the animal chronic inhalation studies for titanium dioxide, the lung tumor was observed in only rats. It is estimated that this is attributed to the overload of the rat's lung clearance mechanism (overload phenomenon).(5)

The inhalation of excessive titanium dioxide does not occur in normal use of this product. Also, epidemiological studies to date have not revealed any evidence of the relation between occupational exposure to titanium dioxide and respiratory tract diseases.

#### Chronic effects

In a study in rats by chronic inhalation exposure to a typical toner, a mild to moderate degree of lung fibrosis was observed in 92% of the rats in the high concentration (16mg/m³) exposure group, and a minimal to mild degree of fibrosis was noted in 22% of the animal in the middle (4mg/m³) exposure group.<sub>(1)</sub> But no pulmonary change was reported in the lowest (1mg/m³) exposure group, the most relevant level to potential human exposures.

Other Information: None



## Section 12. Ecological Information

No data available.

## Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Do not incinerate toner and toner containers. Dangerous sparks may cause burn.

Any disposal practice should be done under conditions which meet local, state and federal laws and regulations relating to waste (contact local or state environmental agency for specific rules).

## Section 14. Transport Information

UN No. None
UN Shipping Name None
UN Classification None
UN Packing Group None
Special Precautions None

## Section 15. Regulatory Information

#### **US** Information

All components in this product comply with order under TSCA.

EU Information Label information according to the Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC)

Symbol & Indication
R-Phrase
S-Phrase
Special markings
Hazardous ingredients for labeling
Not required
Not required
Not required
None

### Canada Information

This product is not a WHMIS-controlled product, since we consider it as a Manufactured article.

### Section 16. Other Information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, we cannot assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

#### <Reference>

- (1) Pulmonary Response to Toner upon Chronic Inhalation Exposure in Rats H. Muhle et. al Fundamental and Applied Toxicology 17.280-299(1991)

  Lung Clearance and Retention of Toner, Utilizing a Tracer Technique, during Chronic Inhalation Exposure in Rats B Bellmann Fundamental and Applied Toxicology 17.300-313(1991)
- (2) ACGIH TLV (Threshold Limit Values)
- (3) OSHA PEL (Permissible Exposure Limits)
- (4) IARC Monograph on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Humans, Vol.93.
- (5) NIOSH CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN "Evaluation of Health Hazard and Recommendation for Occupational Exposure to Titanium Dioxide DRAFT". \*ISO 11014-1 Safety data sheet for chemical products.

### <Abbreviation>

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA Time Weighted Average

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer EPA Environmental Protection Agency (USA)

NTP National Toxicology Program
MAK Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentratione

MAK Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentrationen under Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft

Proposition 65:California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986.

TRGS905 Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (Deutsche)

UN United Nations

TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act (USA)

WHMIS Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System(Canada)



## Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name Black Developer For CS 4550ci, 5550ci

Manufacturer Kyocera Mita Corporation

COPYSTAR, A DIVISION OF

Address Kyocera Mita America, Inc.

225 Sand Road

Fairfield, NJ 07004

Telephone Number (973)-808-8444

Date May 16, 2011

## Section 2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Components	OSHA PEL				
(Chemical Identity, Common Name/s)	SubpartZ	ACGIH TLV	IARC	NTP	Weight%
(CAS No. 66402-68-4) Ferrite (Ferrite including manganese)	5mg/m³(Ceiling) (Manganese compounds (asMn))	0.2mg/m <sup>3</sup> (TWA) (Manganese and inorganic compounds as Mn)	Not Listed	Not Listed	85-95 (as Mn:15-20)
(CAS No. 1333-86-4) Carbon Black	3.5mg/m <sup>3</sup> (TWA)	3.5mg/m <sup>3</sup> (TWA)	Group2B	Not Listed	<1
(Non Hazardous Ingredients)					
Polyester resin					5-10

## Section 3. Hazards Identification

Most Important Hazards None

Specific Hazards None

Other Information on Hazards:

Potential Health Effects:

Ingestion Ingestion is not applicable route of entry for intended use.

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation of excessive dusts may cause lung damage.

Use of this product, as intended, does not result in inhalation of excessive dusts.

Eye Contact May cause transient eye irritation.



### Section 4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation Remove from exposure to fresh air and gargle with plenty of water.

Seek medical treatment in case of such a symptom as coughing.

Skin Contact Wash with soap and water. If irritation does occur, seek medical treatment.

Eye Contact Do not rub eyes. Flush thoroughly with water and seek medical treatment if irritating.

Ingestion Ingestion is not applicable route of entry for intended use.

Rinse out mouth. Drink one or two glasses of water to dilute.

Seek medical treatment if necessary.

## Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media Water (Sprinkle with Water), Foam, Powder, C0<sub>2</sub> or Dry Chemical Extinguisher.

Fire Fighting Procedures Pay attention not to blow away developer powder. Drain water off around and

decrease atmosphere temperature to extinguish the fire.

## Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions Avoid inhalation, ingestion, eye and skin contact in case of accidental developer release.

Environmental Precautions Do not release into drains and surface water.

Method for Cleaning Up Gather the released developer, not blowing away, and wipe up with a wet cloth.

### Section 7. Handling and Storage

Handling Keep the container tightly closed.

Keep away from children.

Storage Keep the container tightly closed and store in a cool, dry and dark place keeping

away from fire. Keep away from children.

## Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### Control Parameters<Reference Data>

ACGIH TLV<sub>(2)</sub>-TWA Inhalable fraction 10mg/m³, Respirable fraction 3mg/m³

OSHA PEL<sub>(3)</sub>-TWA Total dust 15mg/m³, Respirable fraction 5mg/m³

Protective Equipment

Respiratory Protection None required under normal use.

Eye/Face Protection None required under normal use.

Skin/Hand/Body Protection None required under normal use.

Ventilation Ventilator is not required under normal use.



## Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance

Physical state Solid
Form Fine powder
Color Black
Odor Odorless

pH Not applicable

Melting Point No data available

Explosion Properties Dust explosion is improbable under normal use. Experimental explosiveness of toner

is classified into the same rank such kind of powder as flour, dry milk and resin powder

according to the pressure rising speed.

Density 3.5-5.0 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility Almost insoluble in water.

## Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Reactivity Stable under normal use.

Hazardous Decomposition Products None

## Section 11. Toxicological Information

Acute oral toxicity (rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

(rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,500mg/kg (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Acute dermal toxicity (rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg (Estimated from Acute oral toxicity for same product.)[Toner]

(rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Acute inhalation toxicity  $(rat)LC_{50}(4hr)>5.0mg/l$  (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner] Acute eye irritation (rabbit) Minimal irritant (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner] Acute skin irritation (rabbit) Non-irritant (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

(rabbit) Non-irritant (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Skin sensitization (mouse)Non-Sensitiser (Estimated from other products containing same materials.

(mouse)Non-Sensitiser (Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner] (guinea pig)Non-Sensitiser (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Mutagenicity Ames Test is Negative.[Toner]

Ames Test is Negative. (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Information of Ingredients No mutagen, according to MAK, TRGS905 and (EC)No 1272/2008; AnnexVI Table 3.2.

Reproductive Toxicity

Information of Ingredients No reproductive toxicant, according to MAK, California Proposition 65, TRGS905 and

(EC)No 1272/2008 AnnexVI Table 3.2.

Carcinogenicity

Information of Ingredients No carcinogen or potential carcinogen (except carbon black) according to IARC, Japan

Association on Industrial Health, ACGIH, EPA, OSHA, NTP, MAK, California

Proposition 65, TRGS905 and (EC)No 1272/2008 AnnexVI Table3.2.

The IARC reevaluated carbon black as a Group 2B carcinogen (possibly carcinogenic to humans) as the result of inhalation exposure test in rats. But, oral/skin test does not show carcinogenicity.(4) The evaluation of carbon black is based upon the development of lung tumors in rat receiving chronic inhalation exposures to free carbon black at level that induce particle overload of the lung.

The studies performed in animal models other than rats have not demonstrated an association between carbon black and lung tumors. Moreover, a two-year's cancer bioassay using a typical toner preparation containing carbon black demonstrated no association between toner exposure and tumor development in rats. (1)

#### Chronic effects

In a study in rats by chronic inhalation exposure to a typical toner, a mild to moderate degree of lung fibrosis was observed in 92% of the rats in the high concentration (16mg/m³) exposure group, and a minimal to mild degree of fibrosis was noted in 22% of the animal in the middle (4mg/m³) exposure group.<sub>(1)</sub> But no pulmonary change was reported in the lowest (1mg/m³) exposure group, the most relevant level to potential human exposures.

Other Information None



## Section 12. Ecological Information

No data available.

## Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Do not incinerate developer and developer containers. Dangerous sparks may cause burn. Any disposal practice should be done under conditions which meet local, state and federal laws and regulations relating to waste (contact local or state environmental agency for specific rules).

## Section 14. Transport Information

UN No. None
UN Shipping Name None
UN Classification None
UN Packing Group None
Special Precautions None

### Section 15. Regulatory Information

#### **US** Information

All components in this product comply with order under TSCA.

#### Canada Information

This product is not a WHMIS-controlled product, since we consider it as a Manufactured article.

EU Information Label information according to the Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC)

Symbol & Indication
R-Phrase
S-Phrase
Special markings
Hazardous ingredients for labeling
Not required
Not required
Not required
Not required
None

### Section 16. Other Information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, we cannot assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

#### <Reference>

- (1) Pulmonary Response to Toner upon Chronic Inhalation Exposure in Rats H. Muhle et. al Fundamental and Applied Toxicology 17.280-299(1991)

  Lung Clearance and Retention of Toner, Utilizing a Tracer Technique, during Chronic Inhalation Exposure in Rats B Bellmann Fundamental and Applied Toxicology 17.300-313(1991)
- (2) ACGIH TLV (Threshold Limit Values)
- (3) OSHA PEL (Permissible Exposure Limits)
- (4) IARC Monograph on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Humans, Vol.93.

\*ISO 11014-1 Safety data sheet for chemical products.

#### <Abbreviation>

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA Time Weighted Average

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer EPA Environmental Protection Agency (USA)

NTP National Toxicology Program

MAK Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentrationen under Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft

Proposition 65:California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986.

TRGS905 Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (Deutsche)

UN United Nations

TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act (USA)

WHMIS Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System(Canada)



## Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name Cyan Developer For CS 4550ci, 5550ci

Manufacturer Kyocera Mita Corporation

COPYSTAR, A DIVISION OF

Address Kyocera Mita America, Inc.

225 Sand Road

Fairfield, NJ 07004

Telephone Number (973)-808-8444

Date May 16, 2011

## Section 2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Components	OSHA PEL				
(Chemical Identity, Common Name/s)	SubpartZ	ACGIH TLV	IARC	NTP	Weight%
		0.2mg/m <sup>3</sup> (TWA)			
	5mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Ceiling)	(Manganese and			05.05
	(Manganese compounds	inorganic			85-95
(CAS No. 66402-68-4) Ferrite (Ferrite including manganese)	(asMn))	compounds as Mn)	Not Listed	Not Listed	(as Mn:15-20)
(Non Hazardous Ingredients)					
Polyester resin					5-10

## Section 3. Hazards Identification

Most Important Hazards None Specific Hazards None

Other Information on Hazards:

Potential Health Effects:

Ingestion Ingestion is not applicable route of entry for intended use.

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation of excessive dusts may cause lung damage.

Use of this product, as intended, does not result in inhalation of excessive dusts.

Eye Contact May cause transient eye irritation.



## Section 4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation Remove from exposure to fresh air and gargle with plenty of water.

Seek medical treatment in case of such a symptom as coughing.

Skin Contact Wash with soap and water. If irritation does occur, seek medical treatment.

Eye Contact Do not rub eyes. Flush thoroughly with water and seek medical treatment if irritating.

Ingestion Ingestion is not applicable route of entry for intended use.

Rinse out mouth. Drink one or two glasses of water to dilute.

Seek medical treatment if necessary.

## Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media Water (Sprinkle with Water), Foam, Powder, C0<sub>2</sub> or Dry Chemical Extinguisher.

Fire Fighting Procedures Pay attention not to blow away developer powder. Drain water off around and

decrease atmosphere temperature to extinguish the fire.

### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions Avoid inhalation, ingestion, eye and skin contact in case of accidental developer

release.

Environmental Precautions Do not release into drains and surface water.

Method for Cleaning Up Gather the released developer, not blowing away, and wipe up with a wet cloth.

## Section 7. Handling and Storage

Handling Keep the container tightly closed.

Keep away from children.

Storage Keep the container tightly closed and store in a cool, dry and dark place keeping

away from fire. Keep away from children.

## Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### Control Parameters<Reference Data>

ACGIH TLV<sub>(2)</sub>-TWA Inhalable fraction 10mg/m³, Respirable fraction 3mg/m³

OSHA PEL<sub>(3)</sub>-TWA Total dust 15mg/m³, Respirable fraction 5mg/m³

Protective Equipment

Respiratory Protection None required under normal use.

Eye/Face Protection None required under normal use.

Skin/Hand/Body Protection None required under normal use.

Ventilation None required under normal use.



## Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Solid
Form Fine powder
Color Cyan
Odor Odorless

pH Not applicable

Melting Point No data available

Explosion Properties Dust explosion is improbable under normal use. Experimental explosiveness of toner

is classified into the same rank such kind of powder as flour, dry milk and resin powder

according to the pressure rising speed.

Density 3.5-5.0 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility Almost insoluble in water.

## Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Reactivity Stable under normal use.

Hazardous Decomposition Products None

## Section 11. Toxicological Information

Acute oral toxicity (rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg(Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

 $(rat)LD_{50}>2,500mg/kg(Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]$ 

Acute dermal toxicity (rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg(Estimated from Acute oral toxicity for same product.)[Toner]

(rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg(Estimated from the data of constituent materials.) [Carrier]

Acute inhalation toxicity (rat)LC<sub>50</sub>(4 hr)>5.0mg/l(Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

Acute eye irritation (rabbit) Minimal irritant(Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

Acute skin irritation (rabbit) Non irritant(Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

(rabbit) Non irritant(Estimated from the data of constituent materials.) [Carrier]

Skin sensitization (mouse)Non-Sensitizer(Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

(guinea pig)Non-Sensitizer(Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Mutagenicity Ames Test is Negative. [Toner]

Ames Test is Negative.

(Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Information of Ingredients No mutagen, according to MAK, TRGS905 and (EC)No 1272/2008; AnnexVI Table 3.2.

Reproductive Toxicity

Information of Ingredients No reproductive toxicant, according to MAK, California Proposition 65, TRGS905 and

(EC)No 1272/2008 AnnexVI Table3.2.

Carcinogenicity

Information of Ingredients No carcinogen or potential carcinogen according to IARC, Japan

Association on Industrial Health, ACGIH, EPA, OSHA, NTP, MAK, California

Proposition 65, TRGS905 and (EC)No 1272/2008 AnnexVI Table3.2.

Chronic effects

In a study in rats by chronic inhalation exposure to a typical toner, a mild to moderate degree of lung fibrosis was observed in 92% of the rats in the high concentration (16mg/m³) exposure group, and a minimal to mild degree of fibrosis was noted in 22% of the animal in the middle (4mg/m³) exposure group.<sub>(1)</sub> But no pulmonary change was reported in the lowest (1mg/m³) exposure group, the most relevant level to potential human exposures.

Other Information None



## Section 12. Ecological Information

No data available.

## Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Do not incinerate developer and developer containers. Dangerous sparks may cause burn. Any disposal practice should be done under conditions which meet local, state and federal laws and regulations relating to waste (contact local or state environmental agency for specific rules).

## Section 14. Transport Information

UN No. None
UN Shipping Name None
UN Classification None
UN Packing Group None
Special Precautions None

## Section 15. Regulatory Information

#### **US** Information

All components in this product comply with order under TSCA.

### Canada Information

This product is not a WHMIS-controlled product, since we consider it as a Manufactured article.

EU Information Label information according to the Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC)

Symbol & Indication

R-Phrase
S-Phrase
Special markings
Hazardous ingredients for labeling

Not required
Not required
Not required
None

### Section 16. Other Information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, we cannot assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

#### <Reference>

- (1) Pulmonary Response to Toner upon Chronic Inhalation Exposure in Rats H. Muhle et. al Fundamental and Applied Toxicology 17.280-299(1991)

  Lung Clearance and Retention of Toner, Utilizing a Tracer Technique, during Chronic Inhalation Exposure in Rats B Bellmann Fundamental and Applied Toxicology 17.300-313(1991)
- (2) ACGIH TLV (Threshold Limit Values)
- (3) OSHA PEL (Permissible Exposure Limits)
- \*ISO 11014-1 Safety data sheet for chemical products.

### <Abbreviation>

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA Time Weighted Average

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
EPA Environmental Protection Agency (USA)
NTP National Toxicology Program

MAK Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentrationen under Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft

Proposition 65:California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986.

TRGS905 Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (Deutsche)

UN United Nations

TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act (USA)

WHMIS Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System(Canada)



## Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name Magenta Developer For CS 4550ci, 5550ci

Manufacturer Kyocera Mita Corporation

COPYSTAR, A DIVISION OF

Address Kyocera Mita America, Inc.

225 Sand Road

Fairfield, NJ 07004

Telephone Number (973)-808-8444

Date May 16, 2011

## Section 2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Components					
	OSHA PEL				
(Chemical Identity, Common Name/s)	SubpartZ	ACGIH TLV	IARC	NTP	Weight%
		0.2mg/m <sup>3</sup> (TWA)			
	5mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Ceiling)	(Manganese and			
	(Manganese compounds	inorganic			85-95
(CAS No. 66402-68-4) Ferrite (Ferrite including manganese)	(asMn))	compounds as Mn)	Not Listed	Not Listed	(as Mn:15-20)
(Non Hazardous Ingredients)					
Polyester resin					5-10

## Section 3. Hazards Identification

Most Important Hazards None

Specific Hazards None

Other Information on Hazards:

Potential Health Effects:

Ingestion Ingestion is not applicable route of entry for intended use.

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation of excessive dusts may cause lung damage.

Use of this product, as intended, does not result in inhalation of excessive dusts.

Eye Contact May cause transient eye irritation.



### Section 4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation Remove from exposure to fresh air and gargle with plenty of water.

Seek medical treatment in case of such a symptom as coughing.

Skin Contact Wash with soap and water. If irritation does occur, seek medical treatment.

Eye Contact Do not rub eyes. Flush thoroughly with water and seek medical treatment if irritating.

Ingestion Ingestion is not applicable route of entry for intended use.

Rinse out mouth. Drink one or two glasses of water to dilute.

Seek medical treatment if necessary.

## Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media Water (Sprinkle with Water), Foam, Powder, C02 or Dry Chemical Extinguisher.

Fire Fighting Procedures Pay attention not to blow away developer powder. Drain water off around and

decrease atmosphere temperature to extinguish the fire.

### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions Avoid inhalation, ingestion, eye and skin contact in case of accidental developer

release

Environmental Precautions Do not release into drains and surface water.

Method for Cleaning Up Gather the released developer, not blowing away, and wipe up with a wet cloth.

## Section 7. Handling and Storage

Handling Keep the container tightly closed.

Keep away from children.

Storage Keep the container tightly closed and store in a cool, dry and dark place keeping

away from fire. Keep away from children.

## Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

### Control Parameters<Reference Data>

ACGIH TLV<sub>(2)</sub>-TWA Inhalable fraction 10mg/m³, Respirable fraction 3mg/m³ OSHA PEL<sub>(3)</sub>-TWA Total dust 15mg/m³, Respirable fraction 5mg/m³

Protective Equipment

Respiratory Protection None required under normal use.

Eye/Face Protection None required under normal use.

Skin/Hand/Body Protection None required under normal use.

Ventilation None required under normal use.



## Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance

Physical state Solid
Form Fine powder
Color Magenta
Odor Odorless

pH Not applicable

Melting Point No data available

Explosion Properties Dust explosion is improbable under normal use. Experimental explosiveness of toner

is classified into the same rank such kind of powder as flour, dry milk and resin powder

according to the pressure rising speed.

Density 3.5-5.0 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility Almost insoluble in water.

## Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Reactivity Stable under normal use.

Hazardous Decomposition Products None

## Section 11. Toxicological Information

Acute oral toxicity (rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg(Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

(rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,500mg/kg(Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Acute dermal toxicity (rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg(Estimated from Acute oral toxicity for same product.)[Toner]

(rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg(Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Acute inhalation toxicity  $(rat)LC_{50}(4 \text{ hr})>5.0 \text{mg/l(Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]}$ Acute eye irritation (rabbit) Minimal irritant(Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

Acute skin irritation (rabbit) Non irritant(Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

(rabbit) Non irritant(Estimated from the data of constituent materials.) [Carrier]

Skin sensitization (mouse)Non-Sensitizer(Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

(guinea pig)Non-Sensitizer(Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Mutagenicity Ames Test is Negative. [Toner]

Ames Test is Negative.

(Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Information of Ingredients No mutagen, according to MAK, TRGS905 and (EC)No 1272/2008; AnnexVI Table 3.2.

Reproductive Toxicity

Information of Ingredients No reproductive toxicant, according to MAK, California Proposition 65, TRGS905 and

(EC)No 1272/2008 AnnexVI Table3.2.

Carcinogenicity

Information of Ingredients No carcinogen or potential carcinogen according to IARC, Japan

Association on Industrial Health, ACGIH, EPA, OSHA, NTP, MAK, California

Proposition 65, TRGS905 and (EC)No 1272/2008 AnnexVI Table3.2.

### Chronic effects

In a study in rats by chronic inhalation exposure to a typical toner, a mild to moderate degree of lung fibrosis was observed in 92% of the rats in the high concentration (16mg/m³) exposure group, and a minimal to mild degree of fibrosis was noted in 22% of the animal in the middle (4mg/m³) exposure group.<sub>(1)</sub> But no pulmonary change was reported in the lowest (1mg/m³) exposure group, the most relevant level to potential human exposures.

Other Information

None



## Section 12. Ecological Information

No data available.

### Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Do not incinerate developer and developer containers. Dangerous sparks may cause burn. Any disposal practice should be done under conditions which meet local, state and federal laws and regulations relating to waste (contact local or state environmental agency for specific rules).

## Section 14. Transport Information

UN No. None **UN Shipping Name** None **UN Classification** None **UN Packing Group** None **Special Precautions** None

## Section 15. Regulatory Information

#### **US Information**

All components in this product comply with order under TSCA.

#### Canada Information

This product is not a WHMIS-controlled product, since we consider it as a Manufactured article.

**EU Information** Label information according to the Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC)

Symbol & Indication Not required R-Phrase Not required S-Phrase Not required Special markings Not required Hazardous ingredients for labeling None

### Section 16. Other Information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, we cannot assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

### <Reference>

- (1) Pulmonary Response to Toner upon Chronic Inhalation Exposure in Rats H. Muhle et. al Fundamental and Applied Toxicology 17.280-299(1991) Lung Clearance and Retention of Toner, Utilizing a Tracer Technique, during Chronic Inhalation Exposure in Rats B Bellmann Fundamental and Applied Toxicology 17.300-313(1991)
- (2) ACGIH TLV (Threshold Limit Values)
- (3) OSHA PEL (Permissible Exposure Limits)

\*ISO 11014-1 Safety data sheet for chemical products.

### <Abbreviation>

**ACGIH** American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**OSHA** Occupational Safety and Health Administration

**TWA** Time Weighted Average

**IARC** International Agency for Research on Cancer **EPA** Environmental Protection Agency (USA)

National Toxicology Program NTP

Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentrationen under Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft MAK Proposition 65:California

Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986.

TRGS905 Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (Deutsche)

UN **United Nations** 

**TSCA** Toxic Substances Control Act (USA)

Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System(Canada)

**End of MSDS** 



Address

# **MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name Yellow Developer For CS 4550ci, 5550ci

Manufacturer Kyocera Mita Corporation

COPYSTAR, A DIVISION OF

Kyocera Mita America, Inc.

225 Sand Road

Fairfield, NJ 07004

Telephone Number (973)-808-8444

Date May 16, 2011

## Section 2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Components	OSHA PEL				
(Chemical Identity, Common Name/s)	SubpartZ	ACGIH TLV	IARC	NTP	Weight%
(CAS No. 66402-68-4) Ferrite (Ferrite including manganese)	5mg/m³(Ceiling) (Manganese compounds (asMn))	0.2mg/m³(TWA) (Manganese and inorganic compounds as Mn)	Not Listed	Not Listed	85-95 (as Mn:15-20)
(C/10 140: 00 102 00 1) 1 office (Ferrica modeling mangariese)	(dSWH))	compounds as willy	Not Listed	THOU EISTON	(d3 Will. 10 20)
(Non Hazardous Ingredients)					
Polyester resin					5-10

## Section 3. Hazards Identification

Most Important Hazards None
Specific Hazards None

Other Information on Hazards:

Potential Health Effects:

Ingestion Ingestion is not applicable route of entry for intended use.

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation of excessive dusts may cause lung damage.

Use of this product, as intended, does not result in inhalation of excessive dusts.

Eye Contact May cause transient eye irritation.



### Section 4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation Remove from exposure to fresh air and gargle with plenty of water.

Seek medical treatment in case of such a symptom as coughing.

Skin Contact Wash with soap and water. If irritation does occur, seek medical treatment.

Eye Contact Do not rub eyes. Flush thoroughly with water and seek medical treatment if irritating.

Ingestion Ingestion is not applicable route of entry for intended use.

Rinse out mouth. Drink one or two glasses of water to dilute.

Seek medical treatment if necessary.

## Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media Water (Sprinkle with Water), Foam, Powder, C02 or Dry Chemical Extinguisher.

Fire Fighting Procedure Pay attention not to blow away developer powder. Drain water off around and

decrease atmosphere temperature to extinguish the fire.

### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions Avoid inhalation, ingestion, eye and skin contact in case of accidental developer

release.

Environmental Precautions Do not release into drains and surface water.

Method for Cleaning Up Gather the released developer, not blowing away, and wipe up with a wet cloth.

## Section 7. Handling and Storage

Handling Keep the container tightly closed.

Keep away from children.

Storage Keep the container tightly closed and store in a cool, dry and dark place keeping

away from fire. Keep away from children.

## Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

### Control Parameters<Reference Data>

ACGIH TLV<sub>(2)</sub>-TWA Inhalable fraction 10mg/m³, Respirable fraction 3mg/m³

OSHA PEL<sub>(3)</sub>-TWA Total dust 15mg/m³, Respirable fraction 5mg/m³

**Protective Equipment** 

Respiratory Protection None required under normal use.

Eye/Face Protection None required under normal use.

Skin/Hand/Body Protection None required under normal use.

Ventilation None required under normal use.



## Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Solid
Form Fine powder
Color Yellow
Odor Odorless

pH Not applicable

Melting Point No data available

Explosion Properties Dust explosion is improbable under normal use. Experimental explosiveness of toner

is classified into the same rank such kind of powder as flour, dry milk and resin powder

according to the pressure rising speed.

Density 3.5-5.0g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility Almost insoluble in water.

## Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability/Reactivity Stable under normal use.

Hazardous Decomposition Products None

## Section 11. Toxicological Information

Acute oral toxicity (rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg(Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

 $(rat) LD_{50} \!\!>\!\! 2,\! 500mg/kg (Estimated from the data of constituent materials.) [Carrier]$ 

Acute dermal toxicity (rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg(Estimated from Acute oral toxicity for same product.)[Toner]

(rat)LD<sub>50</sub>>2,000mg/kg(Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Acute inhalation toxicity  $(rat)LC_{50}(4 \text{ hr})>5.0 \text{mg/l(Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]}$ Acute eye irritation (rabbit) Minimal irritant(Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]
Acute skin irritation (rabbit) Non irritant(Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

(rabbit) Non irritant(Estimated from the data of constituent materials.) [Carrier]

Skin sensitization (mouse)Non-Sensitizer(Estimated from other products containing same materials.)[Toner]

(guinea pig)Non-Sensitizer(Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Mutagenicity Ames Test is Negative. [Toner]

Ames Test is Negative.

(Estimated from the data of constituent materials.)[Carrier]

Information of Ingredients No mutagen, according to MAK, TRGS905 and (EC)No 1272/2008; AnnexVI Table 3.2.

Reproductive Toxicity

Information of Ingredients No reproductive toxicant, according to MAK, California Proposition 65, TRGS905 and

(EC)No 1272/2008 AnnexVI Table3.2.

Carcinogenicity

Association on Industrial Health, ACGIH, EPA, OSHA, NTP, MAK, California

Proposition 65, TRGS905 and (EC)No 1272/2008 AnnexVI Table3.2.

#### Chronic effects

In a study in rats by chronic inhalation exposure to a typical toner, a mild to moderate degree of lung fibrosis was observed in 92% of the rats in the high concentration (16mg/m³) exposure group, and a minimal to mild degree of fibrosis was noted in 22% of the animal in the middle (4mg/m³) exposure group.<sub>(1)</sub> But no pulmonary change was reported in the lowest (1mg/m³) exposure group, the most relevant level to potential human exposures.

Other Information None



## Section 12. Ecological Information

No data available.

## Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Do not incinerate developer and developer containers. Dangerous sparks may cause burn. Any disposal practice should be done under conditions which meet local, state and federal laws and regulations relating to waste (contact local or state environmental agency for specific rules).

### Section 14. Transport Information

UN No. None
UN Shipping Name None
UN Classification None
UN Packing Group None
Special Precautions None

### Section 15. Regulatory Information

### **US** Information

All components in this product comply with order under TSCA.

#### Canada Information

This product is not a WHMIS-controlled product, since we consider it as a Manufactured article.

EU Information Label information according to the Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC)

Symbol & Indication

R-Phrase
S-Phrase
Special markings
Hazardous ingredients for labeling

Not required
Not required
Not required
None

### Section 16. Other Information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, we cannot assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

### <Reference>

- (1) Pulmonary Response to Toner upon Chronic Inhalation Exposure in Rats H. Muhle et. al Fundamental and Applied Toxicology 17.280-299(1991)

  Lung Clearance and Retention of Toner, Utilizing a Tracer Technique, during Chronic Inhalation Exposure in Rats B Bellmann Fundamental and Applied Toxicology 17.300-313(1991)
- (2) ACGIH TLV (Threshold Limit Values)
- (3) OSHA PEL (Permissible Exposure Limits)
- \*ISO 11014-1 Safety data sheet for chemical products.

### <Abbreviation>

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration TWA Time Weighted Average

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer EPA Environmental Protection Agency (USA)

NTP National Toxicology Program

MAK Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentrationen under Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft

Proposition 65:California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986.

TRGS905 Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (Deutsche)

UN United Nations

TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act (USA)

WHMIS Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System(Canada)